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RESULTS OF PAY SURVEY FOR THE PHOENIX-MESA, ARIZONA METROPOLITAN AREA

Workers in the Phoenix-Mesa, Arizona metropolitan area averaged \$15.16 per hour during October 1999, according to a new survey released by the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Regional Commissioner Stanley Stephenson reported that white-collar workers averaged \$18.86 per hour and accounted for 54 percent of the workers in the area. Blue-collar workers averaged \$12.31 per hour and represented 24 percent of those surveyed, while the remaining 22 percent worked in service occupations and earned \$8.80 per hour. (See tables 1 and 2.)

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) presents straight-time earnings for occupations in establishments employing 50 or more workers in private industry and State and local governments. It excludes agricultural establishments, private households, the self-employed, and the Federal Government. The survey studied 258 firms representing 687,100 workers in the Phoenix-Mesa metropolitan area, which consists of Maricopa and Pinal Counties. Approximately 81 percent of those represented worked in private industry.

In the Phoenix-Mesa metropolitan area, average hourly wages were published for over 90 detailed occupations. (See table 2.) Among white-collar workers, electrical and electronic engineers averaged \$33.92 per hour, lawyers \$29.46, registered nurses \$19.76, secretaries \$13.29, and cashiers \$10.52. Blue-collar occupations included production supervisors earning \$21.63 per hour, carpenters at \$14.61 per hour, truck drivers at \$11.86, and construction laborers at \$8.53. In the service occupations, police and detectives, public service averaged \$20.44 per hour, health aids, except nursing \$9.12, cooks \$8.77, and janitors and cleaners \$8.45.

The NCS also provides broad coverage of selected occupational characteristics. (See tables 3 and 4.) For example, full-time employees in the Phoenix area averaged \$15.99 per hour, while part-timers earned \$8.58. Union workers in blue-collar jobs averaged \$15.09 per hour; while their non-union counterparts earned \$11.77. Private industry workers at establishments employing 50-99 workers averaged \$12.09 per hour, while those in establishments with 500 or more employees earned \$17.19. Average rates of pay are also available for levels of work within an occupation based on knowledge, skill, independent judgment, supervision received and other factors required on the job. These selected characteristics allow for comparison of occupations with similar requirements.

Data provided by the NCS may be used by businesses for establishing pay plans, making decisions concerning plant relocation, and in collective bargaining negotiations. Individuals may use such data to help choose potential careers. The NCS is part of a statistical program that will eventually integrate three separate surveys of wages and benefits into one comprehensive compensation program. The survey increases the amount of wage data available to businesses, employees, and the public, and reduces the time required of business establishments responding to BLS compensation surveys.

Survey Availability

Complete survey results are contained in the <u>National Compensation Survey</u>, <u>Phoenix-Mesa</u>, <u>AZ</u>, <u>October 1999</u>, (Bulletin 3100-47). Copies of survey tables are available on the Internet in both text and PDF formats at **http://www.bls.gov/comhome**.htm and from the Bureau's fax-on-demand service, Ready Facts, by dialing 415-975-4567 and requesting document 9520. For further information or personal assistance contact the San Francisco Regional Office at 415-975-4350. Bulletins may be purchased for \$7.50 from the BLS Publications Sales Center, 230 South Dearborn Street, 9th Floor, Chicago, IL 60604. Telephone orders using MasterCard or Visa credit cards are accepted at 312-353-1880 between 8:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Central Time.

Table 1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings(1) and weekly hours by selected characteristics, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, October 1999

Compondation Curvey, I mornix Meda, 712, Cotes	Total			Pr	rivate indust	try	State and local government			
	Hourly	earnings		Hourly 6	earnings		Hourly (earnings		
			Mean			Mean			Mean	
Worker and establishment characteristics		Relative	weekly		Relative	weekly		Relative	weekly	
	Mean	error ²	hours ³	Mean	error ²	hours ³	Mean	error ²	hours ³	
		(percent)			(percent)			(percent)		
		,			,			,		
Total	\$15.16	2.4	36.3	\$14.65	2.9	36.3	\$17.76	3.5	36.0	
Worker characteristics:(4)										
White-collar occupations(5)	18.86	2.7	37.1	18.77	3.2	37.3	19.21	4.1	36.5	
Professional specialty and technical	23.53	2.9	36.5	24.15	3.7	37.0	22.16	4.3	35.3	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	29.13	3.9	40.9	29.88	4.4	41.1	26.28	7.9	40.1	
Sales	14.69	12.3	33.9	14.69	12.4	33.9	-	-	-	
Administrative support	11.82	2.0	37.5	11.94	2.2	37.7	11.28	4.4	36.6	
Blue-collar occupations(5)	12.31	3.6	38.1	12.04	3.9	38.0	16.08	5.0	38.5	
Precision production, craft, and repair	16.22	3.2	39.9	15.96	3.4	39.9	18.60	6.3	40.0	
Machine operators, assemblers, and										
inspectors	10.80	3.9	39.7	10.76	3.9	39.7	-	-	-	
Transportation and material moving	12.07	15.0	35.3	11.94	19.0	35.2	12.54	8.7	35.7	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers,										
and laborers	8.31	6.2	35.0	8.11	6.2	34.8	13.91	4.7	40.0	
Service occupations(5)	8.80	4.2	32.2	7.57	4.6	31.9	14.23	5.3	33.7	
Full time	15.99	2.5	39.5	15.49	2.9	39.4	18.50	3.4	40.0	
Part time	8.58	5.0	22.0	8.04	5.4	22.4	11.52	11.1	19.7	
Union	17.57	5.1	35.2	17.34	6.7	33.5	18.27	4.6	41.3	
Nonunion	14.89	2.7	36.4	14.38	3.2	36.6	17.67	4.1	35.2	
Time	15.05	2.4	36.2	14.48	2.8	36.2	17.76	3.5	36.0	
Incentive	17.58	13.4	38.3	17.58	13.4	38.3	-	-	-	

Table 1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings(1) and weekly hours by selected characteristics, private industry and State and local government, National

Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, October 1999 (Continued)

	Total		Pi	rivate indus	try	State and local government			
	Hourly 6	earnings		Hourly (rly earnings		Hourly earnings		
Worker and establishment characteristics	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	Mean weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	Mean weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	Mean weekly hours ³
Establishment characteristics:									
Goods producing	(6)	(6)	(6)	-	-	-	(6)	(6)	(6)
Service producing	(6)	(6)	(6)	-	-	-	(6)	(6)	(6)
50-99 workers(7)	12.11	8.2	36.5	12.09	8.2	36.5	-	-	-
100-499 workers	13.51	5.3	35.9	13.22	5.4	35.9	20.81	3.7	36.5
500 workers or more	17.28	2.8	36.5	17.19	3.8	36.7	17.48	3.3	36.0

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

² The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A in bulletin.

³ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

⁴ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. Wages of time workers are based solely on hourly rate or salary; incentive workers a those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

⁵ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B in bulletin for more information.

⁶ Classification of establishments into goods-producing and service-producing industries applies to private industry only.

⁷ Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

Table 2. Mean hourly earnings(1), all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, October 1999

National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, October		otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation(3)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
All	\$15.16	2.4	\$14.65	2.9	\$17.76	3.5
All excluding sales	15.20	2.4	14.64	2.8	17.77	3.5
White collar	18.86	2.7	18.77	3.2	19.21	4.1
White collar excluding sales	19.52	2.6	19.61	3.1	19.25	4.2
Professional specialty and technical	23.53	2.9	24.15	3.7	22.16	4.3
Professional specialty	24.85	2.9	26.40	3.5	22.54	4.6
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	30.90	3.0	31.38	3.0	23.64	12.9
Electrical and electronic engineers	33.92	2.4	33.92	2.4	-	-
Engineers, n.e.c	29.53	4.9	29.69	4.9	-	-
Mathematical and computer scientists	24.17	5.9	23.95	6.9	-	-
Computer systems analysts and scientists	26.88	6.1	27.80	7.0	-	-
Natural scientists	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health related	24.02	6.8	23.71	7.0	-	-
Physicians	47.33	20.4	49.34	23.9	-	-
Registered nurses	19.76	1.5	19.74	1.5	-	-
Physical therapists	24.77	2.7	24.77	2.7	-	-
Teachers, college and university	30.26	17.6	25.89	6.1	-	-
Teachers, except college and university	21.76	5.4	23.90	9.2	21.65	5.7
Elementary school teachers	21.18	5.7	-	-	21.18	5.8
Teachers, n.e.c	20.37	18.1	24.10	11.5	-	-
Librarians, archivists, and curators	20.83	10.9	-	-	-	-
Librarians	20.83	10.9	-	-	-	-
Social scientists and urban planners	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social, recreation, and religious workers	16.38	11.7	15.13	16.6	18.72	4.2
Social workers	15.87	13.6	15.13	16.6	-	-
Lawyers and judges	29.46	4.2	-	-	-	-
Lawyers	29.46	4.2	-	-	-	-
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c	26.87	5.8	27.17	5.9	-	-
Technical	20.40	7.1	20.63	7.7	18.08	6.6
Licensed practical nurses	14.26	3.9	14.24	4.0	-	-
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	11.85	11.4	11.85	11.4	-	-
Electrical and electronic technicians	17.72	5.8	17.76	6.4	-	-
Engineering technicians, n.e.c	18.67	6.0	18.70	6.0	-	-
Technical and related, n.e.c	15.04	9.8	14.69	11.5	-	-
Executive, administrative, and managerial	29.13	3.9	29.88	4.4	26.28	7.9
Executives, administrators, and managers	32.50	5.1	33.12	5.8	29.92	8.7
Administrators and officials, public administration	31.20	8.6	-	-	31.20	8.6
Financial managers	28.73	16.2	31.30	22.9	-	-
Personnel and labor relations managers	41.42	10.8	40.00	12.9	-	-

Table 2. Mean hourly earnings(1), all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, October 1999 (Continued)

National Compensation Survey, Pridentx-wesa, AZ, October	Total		Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation(3)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
White collar (Continued)						
Executive, administrative, and managerial (Continued) Managers, marketing, advertising, and						
public relations	\$37.73	23.4	\$37.73	23.4	-	-
Administrators, education and related fields	27.85	11.7	20.07	23.6	-	-
Managers, medicine and health	31.50	13.3	-	-	-	-
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c	34.51	10.7	-	-	-	-
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	36.43	7.3	36.35	7.4	-	-
Management related	23.65	5.3	24.35	5.1	\$21.32	13.6
Accountants and auditors	21.57	10.1	19.35	7.6	-	-
Other financial officers	26.55	8.0	26.55	8.0	-	-
Personnel, training, and labor relations specialists	18.74	10.3	18.74	10.3	-	-
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	22.35	11.5	22.35	11.5	-	-
Management related, n.e.c	25.26	8.9	26.63	7.4	22.55	20.7
Sales	14.69	12.3	14.69	12.4	_	-
Supervisors, sales	18.90	30.8	18.90	30.8	_	-
Sales, other business services	27.19	16.8	27.19	16.8	_	-
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,						
and wholesaleg,	24.08	13.3	24.08	13.3	_	-
Sales workers, other commodities	13.23	20.5	13.23	20.5	-	-
Cashiers	10.52	6.5	10.52	6.5	-	-
Administrative support, including clerical	11.82	2.0	11.94	2.2	11.28	4.4
Supervisors, general office	17.07	3.7	17.16	4.0	-	-
Supervisors, financial records processing	15.85	8.1	17.06	7.8	_	-
Secretaries	13.29	3.3	13.61	3.7	12.13	2.3
Stenographers	13.66	3.8	13.66	3.8	-	-
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	10.74	15.0	10.74	15.0	_	-
Receptionists	9.78	3.9	9.78	3.9	_	-
Information clerks, n.e.c	10.68	3.9	10.68	3.9	_	-
Order clerks	10.63	9.8	10.41	9.3	-	-
Records clerks, n.e.c.	10.96	6.1	11.21	7.4	-	-
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	11.40	4.3	11.28	4.4	-	-
Dispatchers	10.67	7.9	-	-	-	-
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	10.23	4.7	10.23	4.7	-	-
Stock and inventory clerks	11.66	9.2	10.77	6.2	-	-
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	12.30	4.9	12.02	4.9	-	-
Bill and account collectors	11.33	2.9	11.13	3.2	-	-
General office clerks	10.30	4.0	10.96	4.9	9.23	4.7
Bank tellers	9.31	11.1	9.31	11.1	-	-
Data entry keyers	9.37	4.4	9.37	4.4	-	-
Teachers' aides	7.74	3.5	-	-	7.74	3.5
Administrative support, n.e.c	11.73	4.6	11.28	5.5		

Table 2. Mean hourly earnings(1), all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, October 1999 (Continued)

National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, October				Private industry		nd local nment
Occupation(3)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Blue collar	\$12.31	3.6	\$12.04	3.9	\$16.08	5.0
Precision production, craft, and repair	16.22 13.67 15.65	3.2 13.6 6.2	15.96 - 15.02	3.4 - 7.3	18.60 - -	6.3 -
CarpentersElectricians	14.61 15.01	4.3 15.2	14.61 14.91	4.3 15.4	-	- -
Construction trades, n.e.c Supervisors, production Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	15.71 21.63 11.31	14.3 6.6 11.9	21.02 11.31	- 8.4 11.9	- - -	- - -
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c Assemblers Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	10.80 11.63 9.03 11.36	3.9 2.3 6.8 11.2	10.76 11.63 9.03 11.36	3.9 2.3 6.8 11.2	- - -	-
Transportation and material moving Truck drivers Bus drivers	12.07 11.86 9.51	15.0 7.0 4.3	11.94 11.63 -	19.0 7.4 -	12.54 - -	8.7 -
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Helpers, construction trades	8.31 9.57	6.2 10.9	8.11 9.57	6.2 10.9	13.91 -	4.7 -
Construction laborers Production helpers Stock handlers and baggers		2.1 8.9 10.1	9.21 7.65	- 8.9 11.1	- - -	- - -
Machine feeders and offbearersFreight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c		9.3 12.2 11.6	11.31 9.37 8.32	9.3 12.2 11.6	-	- - -
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c		8.6	6.52	8.0	-	

Table 2. Mean hourly earnings(1), all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government,

National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, October 1999 (Continued)

National Compensation Survey, Pridefix-wesa, AZ, October	Total		Private	industry	State and local government		
		Jidi	Tilvato	industry	gover	minorit	
Occupation(3)		Relative		Relative		Relative	
	Mean	error ⁴	Mean	error ⁴	Mean	error ⁴	
		(percent)		(percent)		(percent)	
		,		,			
Service	\$8.80	4.2	\$7.57	4.6	\$14.23	5.3	
Protective service	14.57	8.1	9.97	13.0	17.74	5.0	
Firefighting	14.41	11.4	-	-	16.56	4.7	
Police and detectives, public service	20.44	1.5	-	-	20.48	1.4	
Guards and police, except public service	8.46	4.9	8.43	4.8	-	-	
Protective service, n.e.c	10.08	10.4	-	-	10.08	10.4	
Food service	6.06	5.2	5.86	5.2	-	-	
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	3.12	8.0	3.12	8.0	-	-	
Waiters and waitresses	2.43	6.0	2.43	6.0	-	-	
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	4.32	10.0	4.32	10.0	-	-	
Other food service	7.53	3.1	7.32	3.1	-	-	
Supervisors, food preparation and service	11.42	6.6	11.12	10.4	-	-	
Cooks	8.77	5.1	8.77	5.1	-	-	
Food counter, fountain, and related	5.89	5.5	5.89	5.5	-	-	
Kitchen workers, food preparation	8.37	8.4	8.76	8.6	-	-	
Food preparation, n.e.c.	6.12	2.3	6.12	2.3	-	-	
Health service	8.93	3.0	8.79	3.1	-	-	
Health aides, except nursing	9.12	3.8	9.12	3.8	-	-	
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	8.62	2.9	8.37	2.2	-	-	
Cleaning and building service	8.45	5.7	7.89	5.9	9.79	10.5	
Supervisors, cleaning and building service workers	12.75	12.7	-	-	-	-	
Maids and housemen	6.58	4.9	6.58	4.9	-	-	
Janitors and cleaners	8.45	6.5	8.06	7.9	9.23	10.2	
Personal service	10.91	8.8	11.06	9.8	9.59	10.0	
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities	8.56	11.1	-	-	-	-	
Welfare service aides	9.08	10.0	-	-	-	-	
Service, n.e.c	9.02	6.9	9.01	7.0	-	-	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

² All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a confidence interval around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 3. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings(1) by occupational group,(2) National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa. AZ. October 1999

Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, October 1999							
	Private industry and State and local government						
Occupational group	Full-time	Part-time					
	workers ³	workers ³	Union ⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time ⁵	Incentive ⁵	
			IN.	/lean			
All occupations	\$15.99	\$8.58	\$17.57	\$14.89	\$15.05	\$17.58	
All excluding sales	15.99	8.57	17.98	14.89	15.23	13.73	
White collar	19.52	11.90	19.84	18.78	18.79	20.03	
White-collar excluding sales	20.01	13.17	21.72	19.37	19.53	-	
Professional specialty and technical	23.79	20.12	33.01	22.85	23.53	-	
Professional specialty		21.58	-	25.07	24.85	-	
Technical		14.00	46.22	17.17	20.37	-	
Executive, administrative, and managerial		-	-	29.16	29.07	-	
Sales		8.67	-	14.85	11.58	20.13	
Administrative support, including clerical	12.14	9.09	14.74	11.52	11.79	-	
Blue collar	12.78	6.31	15.09	11.77	12.26	13.32	
Precision production, craft, and repair	16.24	-	18.72	15.75	16.05	-	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	10.81	-	12.50	10.51	10.80	-	
Transportation and material moving	13.10	7.59	18.19	10.01	12.95	-	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9.02	5.66	10.22	7.96	8.29	-	
Service	9.60	6.18	18.27	7.82	8.78	-	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

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² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B in bulletin for more information.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

⁵ Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

Table 4. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings(1) by occupational group,(2) private industry,

National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, October 1999

Transfer Componential Curvey, 1 Hooting Wood, 712, Colosof		Full-time	Full-time and part-time workers						
			100	workers or r	nore				
Occupational group	All private industry workers	50 - 99 workers ³	Total	100 - 499 workers	500 workers or more				
			Mean	1					
All occupations		\$12.09 11.72	\$15.20 15.32	\$13.22 12.91	\$17.19 17.49				
White collar White-collar excluding sales		16.93 16.39	19.05 20.17	17.55 18.89	20.06 20.78				
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical	26.40 20.63 29.88 14.69	22.71 35.74 17.43 27.90 22.68 11.56	24.21 26.20 20.90 30.29 14.11 12.05	20.68 24.76 16.32 30.68 14.97 12.12	25.50 26.61 23.31 30.07 11.63 12.01				
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	15.96 10.76 11.94	12.03 17.81 7.98 16.60 7.13	12.04 15.61 11.12 9.29 8.46	11.22 14.52 10.26 9.01 8.07	13.39 17.91 11.70 - 9.74				
Service	7.57	5.83	8.23	7.58	9.24				

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

³ Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.